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No. 7,042]

ALEXANDRIA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1904.

[SIX PAGES P.T. 1.

Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Company.

The following steamers are intended to leave Port Said on or about the following dates: -

Table with columns for ship name, date, and destination. Includes ships like 'JAPAN', 'SOMALI', 'BRITANNIA'.

Port-Said to London via Brindisi. The BRINDISI steamer leaves PORT-SAID after arrival of Indian Mail. Combined steamer and sleeping car fare from PORT-SAID to LONDON via BRINDISI or via MARSEILLES £26.9.11.

To the East. The Mail Steamers leave SUEZ for ADEN and BOMBAY every Wednesday, and for AUSTRALIA and CHINA every alternate Wednesday.

Orient-Pacific Line of Royal Mail Steamers.

OUTWARDS TO AUSTRALIA. B.M.S. Ophir will leave Suez about Nov. 18. B.M.S. Ormuz will leave Port-Said about Nov. 21. N.B.—Homeward steamers are sometimes before their advertised dates.

BIBBY LINE MAIL STEAMERS.

OUTWARDS TO COLOMBO, TUTUCORIN, etc. and RANGOON. S.S. Warwickshire, 1,935 tons, will leave Suez about December 7. S.S. Derbyshire, 636 tons, will leave Port-Said about November 14.

KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.

FAST BRITISH PASSENGER STEAMERS. Express steamers leave Alexandria every Wednesday at 4 p.m. for FIBRUS (Athens), SMYRNA, MYTILENE, and CONSTANTINOPLE.

The Moss S.S. Company, Limited.

For LIVERPOOL calling at MALTA. (Messrs. JAMES MOSS & Co., 51, JAMES STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.)

P. HENDERSON & CO.'S LINE.

Steamers leave Suez at Port-Said fortnightly for London or Liverpool direct. S.S. IRAWADDY 6800 Tons will leave PORT-SAID about Nov. 18 for Liverpool.

Thos. Cook & Son, (EGYPT), LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—LUDGATE CIRCUS—LONDON. CHIEF EGYPTIAN OFFICE—CAIRO, near SHEPHERD'S HOTEL. Alexandria, Port-Said, Ismailia, Suez, Luxor, Assouan, Halfa & Khartoum.

British India S. N. Company, Limited.

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAM SHIPS. SAILINGS FROM SUEZ. London and Calcutta Line. Calling at ADEN, COLOMBO and MADRAS outward, and MARSEILLES, GENOA and PLYMOUTH optional homeward.

ANCHOR LINE, Limited.

(HENDERSON BROTHERS), LONDON, LIVERPOOL, AND GLASGOW. First class passenger steamers, Booking Passengers and Cargo through to Ports in INDIA, EUROPE & AMERICA.

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1888. Capital £1,000,000. Reserve Fund £825,000. THE IMPERIAL FIRE OFFICE united with THE ALLIANCE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Deutsche Levante-Linie.

Mail and Passenger Steamships. Regular three-weekly service from HAMBURG, via ANTWERP, MALTA, to ALEXANDRIA and vice versa.

PRINCELINE.

Table listing ship names, tonnage, and destinations. Includes ships like 'AFRICAN PRINCE', 'TUDOR PRINCE', 'SWEDISH PRINCE'.

Good Accommodation for Passengers. Sailings every 10 days from Manchester and Liverpool and fortnightly from Antwerp and London to Alexandria and Syria Coast.

National Bank of Egypt.

CAPITAL: L. 2,000,000. RESERVE: L. 420,000. Governed by SIR ELWIN PALMER, K.C.B., K.O.M.G.

EGYPTIAN NITRATE AND PHOSPHATE SYNDICATE.

WORKS AT KEFT, MAALA AND SABIEH. -- OFFICES AT LUXOR. Egyptian Nitrates and Ground Phosphates sold separately and mixed according to the requirements of the individual crops.

Alexandria Bonded Warehouse Company, Ltd.

BONDED WAREHOUSES IN ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO, PORT SAID, AND SUEZ. Special Departments for clearing and forwarding and for a luggage and parcel Express Service.

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CAIRO-ALEXANDRIA TELEPHONE.—Rates as follows:—P.T. 4 for each 5 minutes, or fraction of 5 minutes; P.T. 10 for over 5 up to 10 minutes communication.

HOTEL BRISTOL, CAIRO.

Full South, Electric Light, opposite Esbekieh Gardens, Large Verandahs, Moderate Charges, OHAS. BAUER, Proprietor.

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PORT SAID, SAVOY HOTEL.

NEW FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, OVERLOOKING THE HARBOUR & OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE. Open all the year round.—Well-appointed Bar.

CAIRO SEWAGE TRANSPORT CO., LD.

Chief Office: Sharia Khar-el-Nil, CAIRO. Near the National Bank of Egypt. ENGRAIS NATURELS COMPLETS Poudrettes, Engrais Chimiques Organiques.

Anglo-American Nile Steamer & Hotel Coy.

Chief-Office: Sharia Boulac, Grand Continental Hotel Buildings.—Branch Office, Opposite Savoy Hotel, Cairo. Regular weekly Tourist Steamer Departures between CAIRO and ASSOUAN by the following steamers:—

AGENTS FOR PRINCIPAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANIES. Through Bookings to Khartoum and Gondokoro. RAILWAY TICKETS TO ALL PARTS OF EGYPT.

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Funds in Hand ... £5,500,000 Annual Income ... £800,000. Applications for Loans on eligible Agricultural or City Property are invited and may be addressed to MR. W. E. KINGSFORD, Sharia Cherifia, Sharia Khar-el-Nil, Cairo, or to Messrs. ED. VAHRES & Co., Alexandria.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Fortnightly Service from ALEXANDRIA (Passengers and Freight). Commencing on the 16th of November. To NAPLES and MARSEILLES, with the Twin-screw-balloon steamer Schleswig (7,100 tons) leaving ALEXANDRIA every alternate Wednesday at 2 p.m.: 16 & 30 Nov., 14 Dec., 11 Jan., 25 Jan., 8 Feb.

Homeward for Bremen or Hamburg via NAPLES, GENOA, (GIBRALTAR), SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP. PHINXEN ALICE 10011 ... about 19 Nov. PHINXEN ALICE 10011 ... about 19 Nov.

OUTWARD: for China and Japan via SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO, PANAMA, SINGAPORE. For Australia via SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO.

Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation.

Alexandria-Brindisi-Trieste-Venice Line. Weekly Express Mail Service. Steamers leave Alexandria every Saturday at 4 p.m. for Brindisi, arriving Tuesday morning in time for express to Paris, London, Naples, Rome, Ancona, Trieste, Wednesday noon connecting with Vienna express (Trieste-Ostende connecting carriage) and express to Italy and Germany.

Alexandria-Brindisi-Trieste-Venice Line. (Departure from Suez). To Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Kobe about Nov. 4. To Aden and Bombay accelerated service about 6th Nov.

East African Line. To Aden, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, Durban about November 5.

Syrian-Caramania Line. Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about October 31 and November 14.

Syrian-Cyprus-Caramania Line. Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about November 7 and 21.

For all information apply to the Company's Agents, Alexandria, Port-Said and Suez, Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd., Luxor, Assouan, 4 Sharia Maghraby (Telephone 198), Cairo, and F. TASSOUK, Helwan.

GUARDIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

OF LONDON. Established 1821. CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED ONE MILLION STERLING. Annual Income ... £225,000. Total Funds ... £2,200,000.

Sun Insurance Office.

LONDON.—Founded 1710.—Total sum insured in 1902 £487,800,000. Agents: LEON HELLER, Cairo, and BEHREND & Co., Alexandria. 16.1.905

The Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co.

LIVERPOOL.—FIRE AND LIFE. Total Claims paid exceed ... £40,000,000. Agents: LEON HELLER, Cairo, & FEEL & Co., Alexandria. 16.1.905

NORTHERN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COY.

The undersigned agents are authorized to issue policies on behalf of the above Company at moderate rates in IMPERIAL OTTOMAN BANK, ALEXANDRIA, OTTO STERZING, CAIRO, GEORG. MEINBUCK, SUVA. 31.12.904

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

Established 1720.—Agents: BANK OF EGYPT, Limited. 31.12.904

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Chief Office: ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON, E.C. FUNDS IN HAND EXCEED ... £4,500,000 CLAIMS PAID ... £40,000,000

INSURANCE.

LIFE The Edinburgh Life Assurance Coy. 19782-10-10-905. Fidelity National Guarantee & Suretyship Assoc. (Limited.)

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CAPITAL: £10,000,000. HEAD OFFICE IN CONSTANTINOPLE. BRANCHES IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS IN TURKEY. Agencies in Egypt: ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO, & PORT SAID.

Royal Insurance Coy. IND, COOPE & Co., Ltd.

FIRE AND LIFE. LARGEST FIRE OFFICE IN THE WORLD. HASELDEN & Co., Agents, Alexandria. R. VITERBO & Co., Agents, Cairo.

PHENIX ASSURANCE COMPANY LD.

(ESTABLISHED 1782)

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31-3-905

THE BRITISH AERATED & MINERAL WATER MANUFACTORY. N. SPATHIS CAIRO Esbakieh. ALEXANDRIA Rue Averoff.

Soda Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale, Ginger Beer, Tonic Water Pomogranade, Orangeade, Pineapple, Champagne Cider, etc., etc. Water guaranteed by CHAMBERLAIN'S FILTER (PASTEUR'S SYSTEM). Inventor of WHISKY & SODA and BRANDY & SODA, bottled ready for use.

Sole Agent in Egypt and Soudan for J. CALVERT & Co., LOUIS BODERRE, AUGUST ENGEL, MAOKE & Co., BORDAUX Wines & Cognac, Rheims Champagne, Wiesbaden Rhine and Moselle Wines, Glasgow Lagavulin, White Horse Cellar, & other Whiskies.

DUNVILLE & Coy. Ltd., Wm. LANAHAN & SON, THE COOK & BERNHEIMER Co., BELFAST, Old Irish Whiskies, BALTIMORE Monongahela XXXX Whiskey, NEW YORK Old Valley Whisky and Gold Lion Cocktails.

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Depot for Prince Metternich's "Rochardquelle," the best mineral table water in the world. Great assortment of Wines, Spirits, Liqueurs, of the finest Brands, etc. 18-1-905

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Subscribed Capital - £1,000,000 Paid up - £300,000 Reserve Fund - £350,000

The Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited.

undertakes every description of banking business on the most favorable conditions. Current accounts opened with commercial houses and private individuals in conformity with the custom of Bankers. Fixed deposits for one year certain received at 3 per cent. per annum. Deposits at interest for shorter periods are also received at rates to be agreed upon. Letters of Credit for the use of travellers are issued payable in all parts of the World. Approved bills discounted. Bills, documentary invoices, etc., collected. Drafts and telegraphic transfers issued payable all over the World. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Advances made upon approved securities and upon cotton, cotton-seed, sugar and other merchandises. The purchase and sale of stocks and shares on the London Stock Exchange; and on the local and Continental Bourses, undertaken. Customers can deposit their valuable bonds, etc., for safe custody in the Bank's fire-proof strong-rooms, and the Bank will attend to the collection of the coupons and draw bonds as deposited, as they fall due. Mercantile credits issued. Annuities, pensions, dividends etc., collected. All further particulars and information can be obtained on application. The officers and clerks of the Bank are pledged to secrecy as to the transactions of its customers. 13-3-904

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H. D. RAWLINGS, LIMITED. SODA WATER, LEMONADE, & GINGER ALE. AS SUPPLIED TO KING AND ROYAL FAMILY.

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SULPHUR WATER STRONGER THAN ANY IN EUROPE. - H. YAL SATH ESTABLISHMENT (English Medical Director). Desert Climate. Marvellous for Rheumatism, Gout, Bright's Disease, Disordered Joints, Asthma, Debility, &c. GRAND HELOUAN HOTEL. - Opposite the Park and the Station. - First Class. HOTEL DES BAINS. - Every comfort. Golf (18 holes), with Professional, Tennis, Croquet, Riding, Shooting, Library, &c. 24848-3-8-905

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The TEWFIK PALACE HOTEL is a first-class Residential Hotel standing by itself just outside the town in a beautiful healthy open position 200 feet above the Nile Valley. It contains 100 rooms luxuriously furnished, commanding magnificent views. Lounge 180 feet long. Drawing room and billiard room. Music, Reading and Photographic dark rooms. All the bedrooms have separate balconies, and 30 have separate bathrooms attached. It is the only Hotel in Helouan with its own extensive private garden, Palm House, Grottoes and Tennis Court. It is the headquarters of the Helouan Sporting Club, which holds its Race Meetings here monthly. The Race course and Golf Links adjoin the Tewfik Palace Gardens. English and Catholic Churches, the Helouan Railway Station, and the Sulphur Baths, 8 minutes from the Hotel. Telephone to Cairo. Government Post Office in the Hotel. Pension from 10/3 per diem. General Manager: C. AQUILINA. (late of Thos. Cook & Son). 24893-15-9-04-1

Anglo-Egyptian Cigarette Co. CAIRO. MANUFACTURE HIGH-CLASS CIGARETTES ONLY.

FACTORY & OFFICES. - Sharia Mansour, Bab-El-Louk. RETAIL BRANCHES. - Sharia Kasr-el-Nil (close to Cook's office) and Sharia Kasr-el-Nil (opposite National Bank). 24872 9.5.905

NOTICE. Mr P. P. Graves is the Correspondent of the Egyptian Gazette at Cairo. All communications for him should be addressed to Pension Wales, Sharia-el-Manakh.

The Old Established and Favorite "PELICAN" BRAND. ESTABLISHED 1856.

FIRST QUALITY ONLY. GUINNESS'S Foreign Extra STOUT. BASS'S First Quality ALES. LIGHT SPARKLING PALE ALE. NICHOLSON & CO., NORFOLK STREET, LIVERPOOL. Correspondence invited; Agents wanted 24878-26-11

DAILY WEATHER REPORT. OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT. ALEXANDRIA.

Table with columns: Direction of wind, Force, State of sky, Max. Temp. in shade, Min. Temp. in shade, Humidity, Remarks. Includes data for Alexandria and other stations.

THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE. MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH CLASS CIGARETTES. Factory, Cairo (Egypt)

BRANCHES: Bombay, Calcutta, 30 Esplanade Road, 4 Dalhousie Square, Rangoon, London, 72 Merchant Street, 19 Basinghall Street, E. Agents in all the principal Cities in the World. 16-4-90

Calvert's Carbolic Toilet Soap. Perspiration and Dust, so disagreeable, yet so common in hot weather, can easily be removed by using CALVERT'S CARBOLIC Toilet Soap. A pleasantly perfumed pure antiseptic soap which can be used for all toilet purposes and as a preventive of contagion. It contains no Crystal Carbolic, and contains a healthy action on the skin and assists to improve the complexion. Calvert's Carbolic Ointment contains pure Carbolic Acid (healing and antiseptic) and other useful ingredients to cure or alleviate sunburn, chafed skin, piles, cuts, burns, insect bites, &c. F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, ENGLAND.

THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE. SUBSCRIPTIONS. - Alexandria, Cairo, and the Interior of Egypt (including delivery in Alexandria or postage to subscriber's address) P.T. 251 1/2 per annum, P.T. 116 for six months, P.T. 60 for three months. To other countries in the Postal Union P.T. 278 (£2.15s.) per annum. ADVERTISEMENTS P.T. 4 per line. Minimum charge P.T. 20. Births, Marriages, or Deaths not exceeding three lines, P.T. 50, every additional line P.T. 10. Notices in news column P.T. 20 per line. Contracts entered into for standing advertisements. N.B. - Subscriptions commence from the 1st or 10th of any month.

BIRTH. WOODHEAD. - On the 8th inst., at Cairo, the wife of Mr. R. WOODHEAD, of a son.

The Egyptian Gazette. An English Daily Newspaper, Established in 1830. Editor & Manager: B. SWELLING. Price One Piastre Tariff. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1904.

THE AMERICAN PRESIDENCY.

The re-election of Mr. Roosevelt to the Presidency of the United States will be received with general satisfaction throughout the world, for his individuality has probably made a deeper and more definite impression, not merely on his fellow-countrymen, but on the world at large, than any Presidential candidate before him. During Mr. Roosevelt's tenure of office he has made his countrymen realise that for America the days of "isolation" are passed, and the policy of perpetual "non-interference" outworn; that the acquisition of the Philippines and the broadening sphere of American interests in China and the Pacific make the old ideal of seclusion untenable; and that the United States is now a "World-Power" in fact as well as on paper. Or perhaps it would be more correct to say that while all Americans realise that these things are so, and that a change has come over America's international position, Mr. Roosevelt went a step further in drawing from the new state of affairs its legitimate and inevitable inferences. One of these inferences is that American policy in the Far East must be more vigorous and decisive than it has been in the past. Another is a recognition of the axiom that diplomacy to be effective cannot rest solely on despatch writing, but must be supported by at least an implication of force. A third deduction, likewise inescapable, is that American interests demand a constantly-growing Navy, maintained in a state of the highest efficiency. There is nothing in these propositions that is in any way novel or alarming. They are accepted and acted on by every country that has foreign interests and a foreign policy, and if they have started a section of the people of the United States it is simply because the inveterate provincialism of her people has yet to admit that they cannot have the position and the privileges of a World-Power without also incurring some, at least, of its responsibilities. The attitude of his opponents, the Democratic party, on the other hand, so far as it is not reducible into a mere policy of stultification, seems to us self-contradictory. They desire, or say they desire, to preserve American interests and the "open door" in China, yet when anything practical is done to further either object, they at once begin quoting Washington's well address and inveighing against "imperialism" and "aggressiveness." The common sense of America has, as the result of the election shows, entirely approved the strong and definite line which Mr. Roosevelt followed in Far Eastern affairs. His diplomacy, both before and since the outbreak of the war, has been singularly effective and pertinacious without being provocative, and the Democrats in challenging it were at bottom challenging the need of America to have any foreign policy or interests at all. And that too is fundamentally their position on the Philippine question. Mr. Roosevelt frankly embraces American Imperialism, both on its humanitarian and its political side. He believes that America has a great and civilising work to do in the Philippines, and he realises that the possession of the archipelago must have in the future, as it already has had in the past, a vital influence on American policy in the Far East. "The voice of the United States," he said in his letter accepting the Republican nomination for the Presidency, "would now count for nothing in the Far East if they abandoned the Philippines." Mr. Roosevelt's policy is, therefore, to stay in the Philippines, to educate the natives so far as possible in self-government, and to develop in all ways the resources of the archipelago. This, too, we are convinced, is the policy of nine hundred and ninety-nine out of every thousand Americans. The Democrats persisted in advocating the abandonment of the islands. Taking no account whatever of differences in race and political and economic conditions, they hold that the solution of the problem is to treat the Filipinos as the Cubans were treated - that is, to haul down the American flag, leave the islanders to themselves under the shadow of American suzerainty, retain perhaps a few coaling and naval stations, but otherwise to clear out of the archipelago completely. Moreover, they pledged themselves to announce their intention of ultimately granting the Filipinos independence directly Judge Parker was installed in the White House. It is evident that the spirit in which the Democrats approached the question was sentimental to the verge of hysteria and that they only half accepted the consequences and resultant duties of the Spanish War. In this there can hardly be any doubt that they utterly misrepresented the feelings and determination of the vast bulk of their countrymen. Nor were the Democrats much happier in attacking Mr. Roosevelt's policy at specific points. They made, indeed, great play with his alleged extension or perversion of the Monroe Doctrine. "If a (South American) nation," he said a few months ago, "shows that it knows how to act with decency in industrial and political matters, if it keeps order and pays its obligations, then it need fear no interference from the United States." The Democrats at once jumped to the conclusion that should a South American State fail in these particulars, Mr. Roosevelt would be ready to advocate interference, and thus land his country in limitless responsibilities. The language, as is usual with Mr. Roosevelt, is certainly somewhat peremptory, and the gravity of the implied threat is undeniable. But with Mr. Roosevelt it is always advisable to pay less attention to what he says than to what he does. His action throughout the Venezuelan mess was conspicuously moderate and perspicacious, and made it clear that while he would resist any attempt at the partition or absorption of a South American Republic by a European Power he would not otherwise protect an offending Republic from proper punishment for its misdeeds. In other words, he construes the Monroe Doctrine as entailing on its beneficiaries the obligation, as he puts it, of "acting with decency." So far from being an extension of the doctrine, this is rather a contraction of it, and a transposition of its indefiniteness into terms of reason and practicality. Europe could wish for no better guarantee that the South American States will fulfil their obligations and observe the ordinary comities of civilisation than the assurance that the United States will only side with them in a just and reasonable cause. For the rest the success of Mr. Roosevelt's decisive action in Panama is its best defence; while his resoluteness in ordering an American squadron first to Beyrout on the rumour that an American Vice-Consul had been murdered; secondly, to Tangier when Mr. Perdicaris was captured by the Moorish brigands; and thirdly, to Smyrna when Turkish dilatoriness had worn out American patience, will be best appreciated by those who have studied Turkish and Moorish diplomacy most closely. Each was a bold stroke; but the boldness, as the issue proved, was that of knowledge and swift adaptation of means to ends. Mr. Roosevelt, when called on to justify his foreign policy, need only point to its results. In his home policy, too, he has been equally successful, for, though the success of his Anti-Trust policy may have alienated Wall Street, the average citizen applauded it. Taken as a whole as a man, a party leader, and a President, Mr. Roosevelt well deserves his victory, and the world at large will congratulate the citizens of the United States on having re-elected him to the Presidency.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

GUILDHALL SPEECH.

THE "ENTENTE CORDIALE."

NORTH SEA OUTRAGE.

RUSSIA'S ASSURANCES.

BRITISH DIPLOMACY SCORES.

ARBITRATION THE FASHION.

LONDON, November 9.

Lord Lansdowne, speaking at the Guildhall, concluded by saying he believed that our convention with the friendly French Republic would establish the most intimate and cordial relations between France and Great Britain, and enable them to exercise a useful and pacific influence on other Powers. He mentioned, as an instance, the assistance of France in effecting an amicable settlement between Great Britain and Russia.

In opening his speech, Lord Lansdowne said that the attack on British citizens in the North Sea was an affront to the British flag, the consequences of which, if it had been intentional, he would rather not contemplate. The recent evidence satisfied him that the Russian Government believed in good faith the facts, which were contrary to what we supposed. We received during the last day or two a distinct assurance that the officers detained were those implicated in the incident, and that, if the enquiry proves that others are culpable, they also will be adequately punished. Referring to other irritating incidents of the war, his lordship said it would be unfortunate if we now forfeited belligerent privileges which we might desire to exercise if we were the belligerent. He referred to the success of British diplomacy in obtaining a mitigation of the exercise of Russia's belligerent rights, and pointed to the fact that not a single British ship had been seized since July. He believed this terrible war would stimulate the prevalent desire for some less clumsy and brutal method of adjusting international differences. Arbitration has now become the fashion, and only yesterday Mr. Choate asked if Great Britain were prepared to sign an Anglo-American arbitration treaty. (Reuter.)

THE BALTIC ENQUIRY.

RUSSIA'S ASSURANCES.

LONDON, November 9.

Mr. Brodrick, speaking at Guildford, said that Russia has vouched for the four officers, who are detained, as being the best qualified witnesses, and themselves implicated in the occurrence. She has also given the strongest assurances that if others are in any way guilty they will not escape punishment. (Reuter.)

LONDON, November 9.

All the difficulties in connection with the constitution of the Inquiry Commission have been removed. The Commission will meet in Paris at the end of November. (Havas.)

RUSSIAN VESSELS AT SUDA.

SUDA, November 9.

Three Russian torpedo-boats have arrived here. (Havas.)

THE DALAI LAMA.

ARRIVES IN CHINA.

LONDON, November 9.

The Times learns from Peking that the Dalai Lama has entered the Urga province. Officials have been sent to escort him into the town of Urga. The Chinese Government has despatched a high officer to Urga in order to guard the Lama, and to see him safely inside a large monastery. (Reuter.)

ADEN HINTERLAND.

DESPATCH OF BRITISH CRUISER.

LONDON, November 9.

H.M.'s cruiser *Proserpine* has gone to the Yemen coast to support the British representative's demarcation of the Aden hinterland. (Reuter.)

MILITARY RIOT IN MOSCOW.

RESERVISTS CLASH WITH TROOPS.

MOSCOW, November 9.

A thousand provincial reservists who had arrived here committed excesses, and pelted the troops, which were restoring order, with stones and pieces of wood. The troops fired, killing and wounding six persons. (Reuter.)

AMERICAN PRESIDENCY.

ROOSEVELT RE-ELECTED.

BY OVERWHELMING MAJORITY.

NEW YORK, November 9.

The Democratic Headquarters admit that Mr. Roosevelt has been elected by an overwhelming majority, and has carried every doubtful State. His majority in the New York State was over 200,000, which thus exceeded Mr. McKinley's in 1900.

Judge Parker has telegraphed to President Roosevelt: "The people by their votes have emphatically approved of your administration, and I congratulate you." (Reuter.)

BERLIN, November 9.

The German Emperor wired his congratulations to Mr. Roosevelt. (Reuter.)

NEW GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 9.

Mr. Higgins, Republican, has been elected Governor of New York.

The Republican majority in the House of Representatives will be increased from 34 to about 50. (Reuter.)

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE ITALIAN CRUISER *Elba* arrived at Port Said yesterday morning, homeward bound from Massowah.

PARIAH DOGS.—The police will poison stray and ownerless dogs at Ramleh on the night of the 12th inst.

"SOIREE NOIRE" PROHIBITED.—The Alexandria police have prohibited the production at the Eden Theatre this evening of *L'Heritage*.

THE STATE OF THE BEHERA.—*Al Ahram* states that the total number of murders committed in the Behera Province during the past nine months was 177.

THE AMERICAN PROTECTED CRUISER *San Francisco* (Capt. S. W. Very) arrived at Port Said yesterday from Hong Kong. She leaves to-day for Algiers and Gibraltar.

ATTEMPTED FRAUD.—Two Bulgarians, a Moslem and a Jew, were arrested while trying to cash a forged cheque for L.E. 150 at the Bank of Egypt, Alexandria.

THE S.S. *City of York*, on her voyage out, with a full complement of passengers, made the voyage from Liverpool to the Suez Canal in a few hours under 10 days.

P. W. D. CONTRACT.—The contract for the construction of a new swing-bridge over the Sahel Canal, Mit Ghamr, has been given to Messrs. Murdoch and Templeton.

FALL FROM A BUILDING.—A Jewish workman fell from a building near the Custom House police-office yesterday afternoon. He was sent to hospital, but no hope of his recovery is entertained.

AT SHEPHERD'S.—El Lewa Mansfield Pasha gave a dinner at Shepherd's Hotel last night. Among those invited were Mr. P. Machell, Mr. Webb, Mr. Carter Wilson, Mr. Bond, and Col. Watson.

RECEPTION.—To-morrow, on the occasion of the 35th birthday of King Victor-Emmanuel III., Count A. Gonzaga, acting Italian Diplomatic Agent, will hold a reception of the Italian colony at 11 a.m.

EGYPT AT LORD MAYOR'S SHOW.—Four allegorical cars took part in the Lord Mayor's procession yesterday, one representing Ancient Egypt, and showing a group of priests engaged in the Adoration of the Nile.

ASPHALTING OF CAIRO STREETS.—The Ministry of Public Works has authorised the Neuchatel Asphalte Company, Ltd., to employ Maasara cement in its work in concrete for the asphaltting of the Cairo streets.

ELECTROCUTION.—A native workman employed with the Alexandria Tramway Company, while engaged in repairing an electric wire which had snapped yesterday afternoon near Rond-point, received a severe shock. He was sent to hospital, but died early this morning.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.—The receipts of the Egyptian Customs Administration during the month of October last amounted to L.E. 299,046 M. 637, of which L.E. 161,372 M. 714 was derived from imports and L.E. 17,524 M. 829 from exports, while miscellaneous receipts amounted to L.E. 144 M. 322. Tobacco accounted for L.E. 119,004 M. 772.

AN EXCITING INCIDENT occurred at Masserini's wild beast show last night. While Mrs. Masserini was showing the big lion, "Bengali," through some tricks, the brute made for the lady, who gave a terrifying shriek. The lion thereupon rushed through the iron door which had been opened in the nick of time. The audience was much startled.

SUEZ CANAL.—On the 7th inst., 14 vessels passed through the Suez Canal. Of these, 6 were British, 5 German, 1 Austrian, 1 Portuguese, and 1 French. The transit and

passenger dues for the day amounted to 372,601.82 frs. The total transit and passenger dues collected from the 1st to that date on 81 vessels amounted to 2,225,596.07 frs.

P. O. SAVINGS BANK.—The number of depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank up to the month of September amounted to 27,114. New depositors from the 1st to 31st ult. amounted to 824, making the total number of depositors 27,938. The total sum deposited to the end of October amounted to L.E. 191,830, and the withdrawals to L.E. 19,189, leaving a balance at the Savings Bank of L.E. 172,641.

CANCER AND SUICIDE.—An Italian engineer, Giuseppe Casperoni, aged 50 years, living in Fagallah, Cairo, had been suffering for some time from cancer in the throat. To facilitate respiration he recently had an operation made. Last Monday Casperoni wrote two letters, one to his family and the other to the Italian Consul, in which he said that he was going to put an end to his life in Old Cairo. Accordingly, on Tuesday night he went to the European Cemetery and blew his brains out near the tomb of his wife, who had died six months ago. The unfortunate man was taken to the Kas-el-Aini Hospital, where he expired shortly afterwards.

COUNCIL OF MINISTERS.

The Council of Ministers met yesterday afternoon at Abdeen Palace, Cairo, under the presidency of the Khedive.

THE GUILDHALL SPEECH.

The speech at the Guildhall Banquet, which is generally given by the Prime Minister, was delivered last night by Lord Lansdowne in consequence of Mr. Balfour's continued indisposition.

BISHOP MORLEY IN CAIRO.

The Right Reverend Bishop Morley arrived in Cairo from Alexandria on Monday and is the guest of Dean and Mrs. Butcher at Church House. The Bishop will hold a Confirmation at All Saints' Church at 10.30 a.m. on Friday and preach on Sunday, 13th inst., at both morning and evening services.

QUARANTINE IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

Pera, November 9.

The medical inspection of arrivals from Smyrna has been suppressed. The 48 hours' observation of arrivals from Alexandria has also been suppressed, but the medical inspection, disinfection, and destruction of rats on board ships are still imposed.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Lord Farrer and Mr. Oliver Bury arrived at Port Said yesterday from Brindisi by the *Ostris*, and were met by Major L'Estrange Johnstone and Major Le Breton. A special train with the members of the Railway Commission left for Suez at 10 a.m.

Lord Farrer and Mr. Bury arrived at Cairo in the evening and attended the first meeting of the Railway Commission to-day.

TROUBLES IN ARABIA.

In reference to yesterday's telegram, the following is taken from the latest home papers to hand:

Without the fact being permitted to make too much noise in the outer world, a really serious situation seems to be developing in the Yemen. At Beyrout, in Syria, strong bodies of troops are being massed and pushed forward towards Arabia with such rapidity that a great disaster to Ben Raschid, the Turkish Viceroy, is believed to have taken place. Sen Sayd, the most powerful Arab sheikh in the region, who disposes of 20,000 well-armed men, is believed to aim at founding an independent kingdom of Central Arabia, and such a victory would enormously increase his power.

RED SEA TRAGEDY.

MASSACRED BY ARABS.

The India Office confirms the report of the massacre of the captain and twenty-one of the crew of the British steamer *Baron Inverdale* on the Arabian coast. In August last the vessel, which was on a voyage from Karachi to Liverpool, with a cargo of wheat, went ashore on the Kuria Muria Island. The captain and crew took to the boats, and were driven along by the monsoon to Moseera Island. On hearing of the wreck, H.M.S. *Mertin*, accompanied by the Sultan of Muscat, on his own steamer, went in search of the missing crew. Inquiry was made at various places along the coast, but no news could be obtained of the men. Not satisfied with this visit, the Sultan made a second trip, and at Moseera Island obtained evidence that the captain and crew had been massacred by natives. The Sultan took nine of the murderers prisoners, and, according to a telegram from the naval commander-in-chief of the East Indies, is making efforts to secure the remainder. It is not believed that many of the massacred men were British.

The *Baron Inverdale* was a steel screw steamer of 3,344 tons burthen, belonging to Messrs. Hogarth, of Ardrossan. She was successfully salvaged.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The S.S. *Spartan Prince* sailed to-day for Manchester with a cargo consisting of 9,820 bales of cotton, etc.

The S.S. *Persian Prince*, from Antwerp and Middlesbrough left Malta on Wednesday and is due here on Sunday next, with general cargo, etc.

The Messageries Maritimes S.S. *Senegal*, which left Alexandria on the 4th inst., arrived at Marseilles at 10 a.m. yesterday.

The Ellerman S.S. *Ararat* left Liverpool yesterday for Swansea, Malta, and Alexandria with general cargo and passengers.

GREEK FLEET'S VISIT.

Commodore Condoniotis and his staff, the President of the Hellenic community of Alexandria, and many Greek notables paid an official visit yesterday morning to the schools of the Hellenic community as well as to the Greek Hospital.

This evening a gala performance is to be given at the Abbas Helmy Theatre in honour of the squadron's visit. Every available seat has been booked.

To-morrow afternoon, an "at home" will be given to the officers at the New Khedivial Hotel. A large number of invitations to residents has been issued.

On Saturday 800 of the crew will be entertained at a garden party in the Antoniadis Gardens.

The officers leave for Cairo on Sunday on a visit to the Capital.

The following is the text of the speech delivered by Mr. Benachi, President of the Greek community, on Tuesday night, at the banquet given to the Commodore and officers of the Greek fleet at the Khedivial Hotel:

Messieurs, en venant visiter les rivages de cette contrée hospitalière, vous nous avez fourni l'occasion de fouler le sol de la Patrie, dont vos vaisseaux sont une précieuse parcelle et nous vous en sommes très reconnaissants.

Les cours de tous les Hellènes d'Egypte palpitent de joie et de fierté patriotique en voyant sur vos vaisseaux les noms pleins de gloire des trois Iles Psara, Hydra, Spetzai, dont les enfants, marins intrépides, ont été les principaux auteurs de notre régénération nationale.

La Providence ou plutôt le Dieu de la Grèce a voulu que les fils et les descendants de ces demi-dieux commandent encore aujourd'hui nos vaisseaux, et personne ne doute que vous ne soyez prêts, comme eux, aux plus grands sacrifices, sur l'autel de la patrie.

Cependant la gloire des armées ne dispense pas les nations de poursuivre de toutes leurs forces une lutte également noble et ardue, celle du travail productif, sans lequel on ne peut constituer ni flottes ni armées.

Je puis dire que dans cette dernière lutte nos Colonies d'Egypte se sont vraiment distinguées et vous vous rendez maintenant compte, de vos propres yeux, du travail intelligent et industrieux qui en a fait, sous l'égide du Gouvernement de S.A. le Khédivé, un des principaux facteurs du progrès de ce beau pays.

Vous pourriez donc, aussitôt que vous retourneriez à la patrie, donner à tous l'assurance que le même désir, la même passion, unit par le cœur et par la pensée les Hellènes vivant à l'Étranger à ceux qui demeurent en Grèce, c'est celui de voir une Patrie puissante et prospère.

Pour obtenir ce résultat, des sacrifices s'imposent, surtout à cette heure où des intrus, de race inférieure, ont entrepris une guerre sauvage et perfide contre l'Hellénisme dans les pays mêmes où des populations purement et profondément grecques ont conservé à travers les siècles le noble sentiment de leur race.

Je suis certain qu'aucun de nous ne reculera, Messieurs, devant ces sacrifices, et c'est avec émotion que je lève mon verre pour boire à la prospérité de nos armées de terre et de mer.

RUNAWAY HORSE IN SISTERS-STREET.

ONE MAN KILLED.

Yesterday afternoon, a horse attached to a carriage which was standing in Sisters-street without the driver on the box took fright at some passing object and bolted up this busy thoroughfare at a frightful pace. The animal caused a panic among the passers-by, who fled in all directions. One old man, a workman, however, who was walking in the street, was unaware of the horse's approach, and was knocked down by it, the wheels of the carriage passing over him. He died almost instantly. Another man was knocked over and seriously injured. The animal continued on its mad career until it came into violent collision with a carriage. This vehicle was overturned and smashed, but its occupants fortunately escaped without any bodily injuries. The horse was captured before proceeding any further.

ABBAS HELMY THEATRE.

FAUST.

Gounod's *Faust* was repeated at the above theatre last evening, and although no one, save especially brightly, the performance was, on the whole, a good one. The palm of the evening was won easily by Sig. M. Baldelli as Mephisto. His fine voice is always worth going to hear, and his singing last night was much appreciated. His rendering of the well-known serenade in the third act was accorded hearty applause, and his performance throughout the opera was excellent. Signa. Zoe Nesleda's interpretation of Marguerite was not entirely a convincing one, although she occasionally sang with skill and effect, sharing with Signor Pagani considerable applause. Signor Pagani, however, did not appear to be in as good voice as usual; we have heard him to much better advantage in characters other than Faust. Sig. Badini made an acceptable Valentine and Signa. Cecchi a very charming looking Siebel. The chorus and orchestra were, as usual, excellent. We think, however, a little less cornet in the band on the stage would be an improvement.

To-night *Aida* is to be produced in honour of the visit of the Greek squadron. On Friday evening will be produced Verdi's *Il Trovatore*, and with Signa. Popovici, Signa. Fabbri, Sig. Venerandi, and Sig. Baldelli in the casts, a first-class rendering of that favourite old opera is assured.

EDEN PALACE HOTEL, CAIRO.

Open all the year round. ELECTRIC LIGHT. — LIFT. — MODERATE CHARGES.

THE ABDEEN REVIEW.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

The following is the translation of a communication made to the Press by the cabinet of H.H. the Khedive:—

As it has been the rule that H.H. the Khedive honours by his presence Abdeen Palace, where the Council of Ministers is held under his presidency, and as Wednesday, November 9, was fixed as the date of the reception held by his Highness to receive persons who wish to congratulate his Highness on his safe arrival in Cairo, and on the occasion of the beginning of Ramadan, and as it happened that on this day was held the review of the British Army of Occupation in honour of the birthday of H.M. Edward VII., his Highness expressed his desire to attend the review held on this auspicious occasion, as was the habit of the late Khedive Tewfik. On the news of his desire reaching the Earl of Cromer his lordship invited his Highness to review the British troops, which invitation was received by his Highness with the utmost satisfaction. The Army of Occupation assembled in the square before Abdeen Palace under the command of General Slade, who is in command of the British forces in Egypt. At 9.30 a.m. Lord Cromer arrived in levée uniform wearing the decoration of a first-class Medjidieh. "God Save the King" was played and Lord Cromer drove round the ranks. H. H. the Khedive then rode up upon a magnificent white horse wearing the uniform of a Ferik and bearing the decoration of the Order of the Bath, surrounded by his aide-de-camp and followed by his escort. After being received with the Khedivial Salute, his Highness took up his position under the Royal Standard, which is the centre of respect and grandeur. The General Officer Commanding then approached his Highness and asked for his permission to review the troops before him. The British forces then marched past his Highness, who received the salute of both officers and men. After the second Royal Salute and the Khedivial Salute, the General Officer Commanding asked for his Highness's permission to dismiss the troops, which his Highness granted, after expressing his gratification and eulogising the fine discipline and bearing of the soldiers. With his Highness were present the President of the Council of Ministers and the other Ministers.

KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Congratulatory telegrams were sent yesterday, on behalf of the Army of Occupation and the British residents in Cairo to the Chief of His Majesty's Household.

The King's birthday was observed in Port Said in a fitting manner. There was a great display of bunting, H.M.S. *Furious*, the Italian cruiser *Elba*, and the American cruiser *San Francisco* being fully dressed.

Mr. D. A. Cameron held a reception at the Consulate during the forenoon which was attended by H.E. Mustapha Ibad Pasha, Governor-General of the Suez Canal, the Consular Corps, and many others.

UPPER NILE EXPEDITION.

Major Powell-Cotton, of the Northumberland Fusiliers, was among the passengers who arrived by the Messageries steamer on Tuesday. The Major is about to start on another expedition, the object of which is to explore the vast region lying between the Nile and the Zambesi. The journey will occupy about eighteen months, and the explorer will pass through that portion of the Congo territory which is very little known. He left Cairo yesterday evening on his way to Khartoum. At this place he will embark on a Sudanese Government steamer and proceed to Gondokoro, on the Sudan-Uganda frontier. He will strike into the Congo from Lado.

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS
KINDLY NOTE THAT
The Sphinx,
THE CAIRO WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
Is Under Entirely New Management
AND WILL BE PUBLISHED AS USUAL
During the Season 1904/5.
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81, 82, 83, 84, 85

SUPREME CONSULAR COURT.

ASSOUAN SHOOTING CASE.

The case of *Bex v. Sleeman* came before Judge Sansmaez in the Supreme Consular Court at Alexandria this morning. Mr. Bexmaez represented the Crown and Mr. Gottlieb appeared for Mr. Sleeman.

The jury was composed of Messrs. Henry Barker, Percy Smith, Darton, Brown, and Simpson.

Mr. Sleeman, it will be remembered, was the manager of the North Nile Valley Co., carrying on operations in the desert about 80 miles from Assouan. The accused was charged with maliciously wounding with a revolver.

The Counsel for the Crown opened the case. After dealing with the technical features of the charge, he gave a brief summary of the case. In April last accused engaged a number of Sudanese for his mining operations. After 60 days, the work beginning about April, a dispute arose about the food, the flour falling short. Gomar Said, Gohar Hassan, Ahmed Said, and Beslan Said were the chief men and they shortly after quitted the mining camp and went to Assouan. Some time after the defendant went to Assouan and on the 19th July was interviewed by those men in regard to some wages due. Another interview took place on the following day, when the discussion lasted so long that Mr. Sleeman lost his train. On the next day the matter was referred to the Sub-Moudir and all the men, except Goma Said, the injured man, were paid. The Sub-Moudir subsequently decided that Goma Said should be paid. On the 21st June, as accused was about to go to the station, the men presented themselves and asked for payment. They came, it was alleged, with no hostile intent and not even armed with sticks. Mr. Sleeman, accompanied by his assistant, Mr. Halliday, had just left the Grand Hotel on a donkey when this request was proffered. Instead of acceding, defendant drew a revolver and fired, wounding Goma Said. The second shot was fired backwards, the third shot hit a donkey, and the fourth shot went into the air. After this some confusion ensued. A struggle occurred and two policemen came up. The defendant and the four Sudanese were arrested.

Counsel then went on to state that it behoved the jury to consider a letter, written in the third week in July and addressed to the Sub-Moudir. In view of this letter and the other circumstances of the case, did the defendant act with premeditation or under reasonable apprehension of danger, present or imminent?

The first witness called was Mr. James Currie, of Khartoum, Director of Education to the Sudan Government. At the time of the occurrence he was at the Grand Hotel, Assouan. He heard a revolver shot near the hotel. He went to the windows, when he heard another shot, and he went out to see what was going on. He then heard another shot. When he got to the door a sort of confusion and a native. They were on the ground together, but the confusion was so great, it was hard to distinguish properly. A few minutes after some police appeared. There was not a large crowd. He could not say whether Goma was there or not. He heard no special cries except an universal jabbering, nor did he hear any cries for assistance, either in English or Arabic. A few of the natives had sticks of the ordinary size they carry, and stout enough to knock a man down with, if they tried. He could not say whether those who carried sticks belonged to the men engaged in the fracas or merely spectators. He only heard three shots. From the first shot to the arrival of the police about three minutes elapsed.

Cross-examined by Mr. Gottlieb.—He would call these sticks nabouts. A blow from one of these sticks, if properly delivered, would possibly kill a man. When he left the hotel he was not in fear that the defendant was in danger, as he did not know he was there. He told the Sub-Moudir to get him to the Zaptieh and wire to the Ministry of the Interior, to prevent him being subject to further violence. Everybody was flourishing either their sticks or their hands. He saw the nabouts when he came out of the hotel. It was impossible to give any idea of the numbers of the crowd, when he first came out of the hotel. The throng was thickening every moment.

By Mr. Briscoe.—When he made his suggestion to the Moudir he did so with the idea that it would be the best thing to do under any circumstances. He gave the advice hurriedly, as he had to run for his train. The people were then very excited.

Gomar Said, workman, Assouan; was then called.

By Mr. Briscoe.— He remembered being engaged for the mines by defendant. This was not a year ago. The terms of his contract were for four months at P.T. 5 per day. He did not work for the whole time, only for 60 days because at the end of that time the food was done. At the end of that time one month's salary was still due. After the end of the 60 days he was dismissed and he went to Assouan. Fourteen other workmen were dismissed at the same time, as the provisions were over. He did not see the defendant for fifteen days after, when he saw him in the hotel at Assouan. He went to see him but could not remember the day. The hour was at 8 a.m. This was the day before he was shot. He went to see the defendant to ask for payment of the money, but the latter did not answer. At that time witness was with three others, Rialan Said, Ahmed Said, and Gohar Hassan. (To be continued.)

CONSTANTINOPLE NOTES.

Constantinople, November 2. With the approach of winter there have been some departures from our city for Egypt. Last week the Russian Diplomatic Agent at Cairo and Mme. Maxmoff, who had arrived here recently from St. Petersburg, left on their return to Cairo. Before his departure, M. Maximoff called upon the Constantinian Patriarch, in order to take leave of his Holiness. But the Patriarch being absent, he was received by Mr. Gallinikos, Grand Vicar of the Patriarchate.

The Russian Naval Attaché of the Tsar's Embassy here and M. Schwank also left for Alexandria by the same steamer, as did the Agent of Said Pasha.

CHRONIQUE JUDICIAIRE

Monsieur le Directeur de l'Egyptian Gazette. Dans votre chronique judiciaire de votre supplément du 21 Octobre dernier, vous avez publié par erreur de votre reporter un jugement du tribunal sommaire de notre ville disant que le tribunal vient de rejeter ma demande en opposition à un jugement rendu contre moi pour un billet à ordre en faveur du sieur Ahmed Abd-el-Salama.

Je vous prie donc de vouloir bien rectifier cet article par un extrait de votre chronique dans votre prochain numéro, et recevoir Monsieur le Directeur, l'assurance de ma considération distinguée.

J. B. MICHAËL. Alexandrie, le 10 Novembre 1904.

N.B. L'erreur provient d'une substitution involontaire de nom. Le typographe a mis Michac au lieu d'Abd-el-Salama. (N.D.L.R.)

Délégation Municipale

La Délégation Municipale s'est réunie le 8 novembre 1904 à 4 h. p.m. sous la présidence de M. Amb. A. Ralli.

Présents: Fenderi, Mohamed Bey Said, Stross, Valensin, membres, W. P. Chataway, administrateur, L. Sedky, secrétaire.

Elle décide de demander aux services un devis pour l'empierrement de la route de Ras-el-Fin, à partir du dallage actuel de cette route.

Elle décide de faire vélocigraphier et distribuer aux membres la lettre de la commission des locataires dont l'étude aura lieu en même temps que la proposition de M. Anderson relative à la construction des maisons économiques.

La Délégation charge les services techniques d'étudier avec le concours de M. Foster tous les points techniques qui se rattachent à la demande de M. Theodorides tendant à la création d'un service de fourgons automobiles.

Elle autorise l'administration à faire figurer dans les prochaines propositions budgétaires un crédit supplémentaire de 150 L.E. pour la construction de nouvelles charrettes en vue de l'enlèvement des immondices dans les quartiers infectés de peste.

Le Délégation décide d'installer le nouveau chalet de nécessité adjugé à Ramadan Yousef au milieu du jardin du square de la place, qui se trouve situé devant la Bourse.

Elle fixe l'horaire de ses séances, pendant le Ramadan, à 9 h. du soir.

La séance est levée à 7 h. 1/2 p.m.

CHRONIQUE THEATRALE

GRINGOIRE — L'AVENTURIERE. La belle pièce de Th. de Banville, Gringoire, a été interprétée à ravir par les meilleurs artistes de la troupe: M. Rozenberg a été un Louis XI si réussi qu'il a été chaleureusement applaudi à plusieurs reprises; excellent aussi, quand dans des rôles plus effacés, Mme Lerand dans Lyree, Mme Bouchet dans Nicole et M. Dauchy dans Olivier le Daim. Quant au Gringoire de M. Coquelin il a été exquis, comme on pouvait s'y attendre. On a surtout remarqué la Ballade des Pendus et le chant passionné du poète.

La soirée s'est terminée par la représentation de l'Aventurière, comédie en 4 actes d'Emile Augier. Le rôle capital de la pièce, celui de Glorinde, a eu dans Mme Devoyod une interprétation plutôt faible. Il est fâcheux pour le bien remplir un rôle d'ancien premier ordre. M. Rozenberg n'a pas été non plus aussi parfait dans Montepèdre qu'il l'avait été dans Louis XI. Quant à M. Grammont, il a été fort bien dans Fribrie et Mme Lerand dans le rôle secondaire de Cécile. Nous ne trouvons au rôle d'Annibal, rempli par M. Coquelin, qu'un seul défaut, celui d'être trop court. Nous aurions aimé à voir le maître faire aussi adroit dans un rôle où il dirait moins long-temps.

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demi) Le marché des valeurs reste ferme et très animé. La Filature, les Markets et le Salt and Soda attirent surtout l'attention du public et donnent lieu à un nombre considérable de transactions. La Filature atteint 1 1/8, les Markets 27/6 et le Salt and Soda 33/6.

Nombre d'autres valeurs sont également en hausse, la Delta Land à 3 7/16, les Cotton Mills à 7/9, la Nangovich à 9 9/16, les Ciments à 104, les Eaux du Caire à 985, les Privilèges Tramways à 147 1/2, les Dividendes à 382 et la Ramleh Railway à 8 3/4.

Par contre il se produit une légère réaction sur la Banque Nationale à 23 5/8, sur l'Agricole à 10 15/16, sur la Warden à 7 1/8 et sur l'Anglo American Nile à 5 11/16.

NOTICE

SALE OF IVORY, etc.

It is notified for general information that the Controller will sell by Public Auction at the Beit El Amara, Omdurman, on Wednesday, 11th November, 1904, at 10 a.m. approximately, the quantities of Ivory, etc., approximately: 6500 Bottles Ala No. 1. 6400 " " " 2. 1100 " " Bar more than 10 Bottles. 1800 " " Mashmoum. 100 " " Khordia. 4 " " Hippopotamus. 1700 " " Bar less than 10 Bottles. 8800 " " Kling small. 2700 " " Bubber. 189 " " Derbama Fosthere White.

This ivory will be sold in suitable lots at the rate of so much per Kantar. Immense contraband ivory is sold under condition that same is not resold in the Sudan and must be exported out Sudan within one month from date of purchase and a permit for same will be issued at time of purchase.

Ten per cent. of the value must be paid by the purchaser at the conclusion of the auction, and the balance within 5 days from the above date.

After which period it will remain at purchaser's risk and subject to a demurrage charge of 100 Mills for each Kantar per diem until whole stock is removed.

None of the articles sold on be removed before the whole of the purchase money has been paid. (Signed) M. COURTS, KAIM, 24876-4-1 Controller.

Municipalité d'Alexandrie

AVIS

Le public est informé que l'horaire des Bureaux Sanitaires pendant le mois de Ramadan et la fête de O. Baïram est établi comme suit: Le matin de 9 h. à midi et les vendredis et jours de fêtes musulmanes formant à 11 h. 45. Le Soir de 2 h. à 4 h. 30.

L'Administrateur (signé) W. P. CHATAWAY. Alexandrie, le 8 Novembre 1904. 24871-3-1

MOUVEMENT MARITIME

ARRIVAGES 9 novembre Londres et Malte; 4 1/2, vap. angl. Perica, cap. Kemp, ton. 851, à Tanaroco. 10 novembre Anvers et Malte; 4 1/2, vap. all. Stregird, cap. Moller, ton. 950, à Itra. Merzine et Port-Saïd; 16 h., vap. angl. Dakshiah, cap. Find ay, ton. 64, à la Khedivial Mail.

DEPARTS 9 novembre Pirée et Constantinople; vap. aog. Frinos Abbas, cap. Anderlich. Constantinople; vap. holland. Vasilissa Olga, cap. Bonanos. Port-Saïd et Syrie; vap. franc. Niger, cap. Camugli. Patras et Trieste; vap. autr. Hungaria, cap. Luovitch. Syrie; vap. ang. Mariout, cap. Silvestri. Liverpool; vap. ang. Boumoila, cap. Lanoster.

THE COTTON MARKET.

KEARSEY AND CUNNINGHAM'S WEEKLY REPORT. Liverpool, Nov. 3. Egyptian cotton has been generally quiet, and with a very poor supply of the current qualities, quotations are unchanged.

In Futures a fair amount of business has been done, and after fluctuating, they close at the following quotations: Nov. 7.58 Jan. 7.42 Mar. 7.38 May 7.37 Dec. 7.46 Feb. 7.40 Apl. 7.37

AMERICAN FUTURES: The market this week has been somewhat more active, and although there have been frequent fluctuations the tendency has been to higher prices. To-day's closing values are, however, only 2 points above those of last Thursday. There is no special feature. The political situation has become less anxious. Spot cotton in the Southern markets is being firmly held, and there has been some inclination to modify crop estimates, and the feeling in New York and New Orleans appears to be more "bullish" at present values than "bearish". We are not sanguine for an important advance at present, for the crop movements continue upon a very large scale, but we are of the opinion that purchases in weak markets will do well.

The latest quotations are, delivery: Nov. 5.28 Jan./Feb. 5.28 Apl./May 5.32 Nov./Dec. 5.28 Feb./Mar. 5.29 May/June 5.33 Dec./Jan. 5.27 Mar./Apl. 5.31 June/July 5.33 July/Aug. 5.32

EGYPTIAN SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.) London, November 4.

As foreshadowed in our letter of the 21st October, events in connection with the Russian trouble have turned out in the way therein anticipated. This week there is not much to record in connection with the Stock Markets. The North Sea incident, and the diplomatic situation it has led to, have put a decided check upon all speculative business, and must continue to do so until we see some definite result of the present negotiations, which, so far, have only begun. The international aspect of the affair looks better, and the severe tension of the latter part of last week has certainly eased considerably; in fact, a position of the greatest difficulty has been handled, thanks to the good offices of our cross-channel neighbours, with great tact and firmness. The public still await the result of the special enquiry into the details of this affair with much interest, and such a decision as in common justice is to be expected will go far to re-establish confidence and so help markets. We shall have some information of much import to communicate in our next.

It may still be said that Egyptian Stocks steer their own course, in spite of the check administered to other markets; prices in this particular section continue to advance steadily, notably in National and Agricultural Banks. The former have reached 22 1/2, and look like somewhat higher, except for the fact that the supply of shares in the market is a limited one whilst the demand continues and shares are taken up and paid for every account in considerable quantities. Agricultural during the last week have been as high as 11 1/2 bid, but have reacted slightly to 11, at which price they are firm. A feature this week has been the renewed demand for Salt and Soda shares, which have risen to 27/- and are being talked up to 30/-.

Land shares are steady with little or no fresh change in prices. The South African Market is steady, though by no means so active as during the previous account, and in Americans there is a distinct setback after the long-sustained rise which has taken place almost throughout the whole list. After the election next week, a further rise is anticipated.

STOCKS AND SHARES

Table with columns: Shares, Closing Prices, to-day at 1 p.m., BANKS, Debentures. Includes Imperial Ottoman Bank, National Bank of Egypt, etc.

Marché de Minet-el-Bassal

10 novembre 1904. (11h.55 a.m.) Cotons: Clôture du marché du 9 novembre: La situation reste la même.

Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et Good; Même prix.

SAINT-ROTTPE ET FATOUR: Fair et Fully Fair; Rien, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et Good; Même cours.

ARRIVAGES DE CE JOUR, à Minet-el-Bassal, ca. 55,316 (Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khédiviale à 11h.45 p.m.): \$ 15 16/32 Livraison Novembre, \$ 15 18/32 Janvier, \$ 15 17/32 Mars, Marché calme.

ARRIVAGES DE CE JOUR, à la Bourse Khédiviale à 11h.45 p.m.): \$ 15 9/32 Livraison Novembre, \$ 15 9/32 Janvier, \$ 15 18/32 Mars, Marché calme.

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Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour novembre 15 1/2 à -/-; plus bas pour novembre 15 1/6 à -/-. Dans l'après-midi, prix plus haut pour novembre 15 18/32 à -/-. Plus bas pour novembre 16 18/32 à -/-. N.B. Les autres livraisons avec reports irréguliers. Au moment de la clôture les nouvelles étaient les suivantes: Liverpool coton égyptien disponible; Burets: L'avisé de Futures décembre: 7 51/64. Liverpool: coton américain; Futures Janvier: février: 5.88. Futures mai-juin: 5.41. New York: coton américain; Futures jan. 9.91. " " " " mai: 10.19. GRAINES DE COTON: Récolte actuelle: Oa ne s'en est occupé que fort peu et la finale a été un peu de cotons.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour nov.-déc. jan. P.T. 59 25/40 à -/-; plus bas pour nov.-déc. jan. P.T. 59 20/40 à -/-. Dans l'après-midi, prix plus haut pour nov.-déc. jan. P.T. 59 24/40 à 25/40; plus bas pour nov.-déc. jan. P.T. 59 20/40 à -/-. N.B. Les autres livraisons avec reports irréguliers. FAVES-SALIN: Récolte actuelle: Sans affaires. Alexandrie, le 9 novembre 1904.

COTONS

COPIES DE LA DÉPÊCHE DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION À LA LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION (Cours clôture d'hier soir à 6 h. p.m. alloué par l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises, à la Bourse Khédiviale.) \$ 15 17/32 Livraison Novembre, \$ 15 18/32 Janvier, \$ 15 17/32 Mars, Marché ferme.

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MARKETS ET COURSES DE FARINIERES. Cotons: Graines de coton... 8/8 6788. Graines de coton... 8/8 21793. Graines de coton... 8/8 953. N.B. Les autres livraisons avec reports irréguliers. Au moment de la clôture les nouvelles étaient les suivantes: Liverpool coton égyptien disponible; Burets: L'avisé de Futures décembre: 7 51/64. Liverpool: coton américain; Futures Janvier: février: 5.88. Futures mai-juin: 5.41. New York: coton américain; Futures jan. 9.91. " " " " mai: 10.19. GRAINES DE COTON: Récolte actuelle: Oa ne s'en est occupé que fort peu et la finale a été un peu de cotons.

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PHARMACY REGULATIONS.

The committee elected by the Cairo pharmacists in order to study the new regulations has nearly terminated its labours. The committee will submit its amendments to a general meeting of the pharmacists. The three chief amendments proposed are as follows:— 1. In accordance with the regulations in vogue in European countries, a person without a diploma should not be permitted to own a pharmacy, even if he places at the head of such an establishment an employé with a diploma. 2. All strangers arriving in Egypt, even if they are in possession of a pharmaceutical diploma, ought to submit to a brief examination to prove their competence in the profession, thus obviating the fraudulent use of diplomas of deceased pharmacists, etc. 3. The Sanitary Administration ought to specify in an explicit manner the distance to be observed between one pharmacy and another, as in most countries in Europe.

In reply to the above a well-known Alexandria pharmacist sends us the following criticisms:—

L'entreffilet public en date du 7 Novembre 1904 par la Reforme, intitulé "Les Pharmaciens" contient une phrase dont la portée échappant peut-être à une première lecture est cependant de nature à soulever des protestations légitimes et pourrait comporter en effet des conséquences regrettables si le principe en était admis. Il est exprimé la vue (et cela par le comité élu par les pharmaciens du Caire) qu'avant de donner des autorisations d'exercer la pharmacie en Egypte le gouvernement fasse passer un examen à chaque intéressé.

Or, il est entendu d'ores et déjà que nul ne pourra exercer la profession de pharmacien en Egypte s'il n'est muni d'un diplôme délivré par une faculté reconnue.

La précaution que l'on a prise de stipuler que la faculté en question doit être reconnue implique nécessairement l'idée que les diplômes qu'elle délivre attestent la réelle valeur de ceux qui les ont obtenus, que ce sont des diplômes délivrés au mérite et non de simples certificats de complaisance donnés à la faveur ou achetées argent comptant.

Nous ne voyons donc pas la nécessité de faire contrôler par des professeurs égyptiens ces diplômes qui donnent le droit à ceux qui les détiennent d'exercer dans leur pays respectif, c'est-à-dire le plus souvent dans des villes importantes, sinon les plus grandes capitales d'Europe.

Nous apercevons bien au contraire dès maintenant tout ce que la mesure proposée pourrait avoir de vexatoire pour l'intéressé sans parler du soupçon injustifié et quelque peu blessant qu'elle semble faire planer sur l'honorabilité et le savoir des examinateurs ayant délivré le diplôme.

Nous aimons à croire qu'après réflexion ce point de vue n'échappera pas au Comité du Caire qui se rendra facilement compte des inconvénients qu'entraînerait la mesure proposée par lui.

UN PHARMACIEN DIPLOME.

NEW STEAMSHIP LINE TO EGYPT.

The schedule of the Norddeutscher Lloyd's new steamship line to Egypt has been altered in that Barcelona, which was originally intended to be the terminus port of the line, will not be visited at all by the steamers, which will only call at Marseilles, Naples, and Alexandria. In this way it becomes possible to arrange fortnightly sailings.

The steamer *Schlenwig*, which has been chosen for this line, will leave Marseilles every second Wednesday at noon. The steamer is due at Naples at 8 p.m. on Thursday, and leaves again at noon on Friday. The arrival at Alexandria takes place at noon on the Monday. At 2 p.m. on the following Wednesday the *Schlenwig* will leave Alexandria for Naples, where she is due at 2 p.m. on Saturday. The departure from Naples takes place at 8 p.m. on Sunday and the steamer is due at Marseilles at 4 p.m. on Monday. The departures from Marseilles are fixed from November 9 and 23; December 7; January 4 and 18; February 1 and 15; March 1, 15, and 29; April 12 and 26; and May 10. The steamer leaves Alexandria on the following days:— November 16 and 30; December 14; January 11 and 25; February 8 and 22; March 8 and 22; April 5 and 19; May 3 and 17.

The hours of departure and arrival at Marseilles are fixed so as to meet the arrivals and departures of the express trains from London via Paris to Marseilles and vice versa. At Naples and Alexandria, too, travellers will find direct connections with the principal express trains.

Passengers arriving by train from London in time for the "trains rapides" leaving Paris at night will have the advantage of having their baggage registered through from London to Marseilles (on board ship) so that there is no customs examination on the way. Another advantage is that passengers and baggage are conveyed from one station to the other by way of the "coiffure," so that there is a through service from London to Marseilles.

The fares are as follows:—First cabin (Prices vary according to location of cabins) from Marseilles to Alexandria, 400 to 600 frs; from Marseilles to Alexandria, 300 to 500 frs; from Marseilles to Naples, 180 frs. Second cabin:—From Marseilles to Alexandria, 250 frs; from Naples to Alexandria, 200 frs; from Marseilles to Naples, 70 frs.

BECK & CO'S PILSENER BEER BREMEN.

BECK & CO'S PILSENER BEER BREMEN. YEARS NO HONEST COMPETITION FOR QUALITY. N.B.—Inferior Brands now being offered to Manager of certain good services. Beware of evilly disposed competitors running down this very Superior Brand of Beer.

NOTES FROM TANTAH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

STATION CRUSH.

Tantah, Tuesday.—With reference to the arrival this morning of the Khedive at our station, on his way to Cairo, I hope the next time his Highness has occasion to pass through these in charge of the arrangements for the reception will see that the station is not overcrowded with Government pupils. This morning only about half-a-dozen persons were able to present their respects to his Highness, the rest being nearly crushed to death.

As we have no military band in Tantah, the guard of honour, followed by all the gaffurs, was marched off to the station preceded by an ordinary Arab brass band that managed to play the Khedivial Anthem.

TELEGRAPH DEPT.

Although I had occasion to complain not long ago about the delay in transmitting telegrams, nothing has been done up to now, and things are going from bad to worse. To-day telegrams took about 4 to 5 hours to arrive from Alexandria.

OVER-ZEALOUS POLICEMAN.

"Traveller" writes:—At Tantah the other day, just before the dawn express was due, a well-dressed native gentleman—for a near cut—jumped on to the permanent way and got on to the opposite platform. Policeman No. 2631 was on the alert and in a threatening manner accosted this gentleman, and, what seemed so funny, insisted he should jump down from this side and come over by the bridge. Smart man! He should at least have a 5th Medjidieh, or 10 of the "cat." This little episode was no sooner over than the express came tearing into the station. What to my mind was the worst part was the unmanly way this "limb of the law" laid violent hands on the gentleman. I was quite prepared to "stand by" and give the fellow a thrashing. He should certainly be instructed to keep his hands off.

SCARCITY OF SILVER.

In reference of our article under the above heading in our issue of the 2nd inst., a correspondent in Upper Egypt writes:—

"The annual scarcity of silver during the cotton season is a more serious matter than it would appear at first glance, and it seems extraordinary that the Government do not make adequate provision for the country's requirements. Great inconvenience is caused thereby, not to mention the pecuniary loss to those who are obliged to get silver at no matter what cost.

"Having been employing native labour for some years in Upper Egypt, I can affirm that the want of small coin, particularly the 5-millieme pieces and piastre pieces, has been the cause of constant rows amongst the labourers, to say nothing of the great annoyance.

"The Banks cannot get silver from the moudiries, and when obtainable charge as much as 1% plus freight for the accommodation.

"To quote another case. There were at the time of the scarcity last year four or five hundred natives employed on the mines around Assouan, the payment of whose wages necessitated about £1,000 of silver coin monthly. Of this amount less than one half was available, with the result that general discontent prevailed in the camps, owing to wages being held back, and had the scarcity continued the work would probably have been 'held up' by them."

Our correspondent concludes:—"I trust the Finance will see to this question immediately and make ample provision for the large quantities of this coin which will be required when the raising of the Assouan Dam is begun."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit—within certain necessary limits—free discussion.

BRITISH RECREATION CLUB.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

Sir,—I have often cherished the hope that the British Recreation Club at Cairo would be a model on which to found a similar institution at Alexandria. Such a club is badly needed here and I believe would answer to a long-felt want. But the correspondence in which the British Recreation Club at Cairo so often figures in your columns, has induced me to modify my opinion. I should suggest that the Cairo institution be renamed, for British Vituperation Club would be a more suitable appellation. The state of affairs, which the series of letters reveals, is astonishing. Because a member of the club, Mr. Knight Foley, has the courage to write expressing his opinions in a letter to a newspaper, the club informs the world that he is an "irresponsible member," while "A Member" in to-day's *Gazette* talks about "the great indignation of his (Mr. Knight Foley's) committee" due to those remarks.

One would think that the committee of the Cairo British Recreation Club was a sort of Council of Ten or a body with the powers of the Inquisition. Are we to consider that no member of the British Recreation Club can venture to give expression to his private opinions without the preliminary consent of the committee? Mr. Knight Foley did not attack the club in any way when he wrote his now famous letter to you. He simply made use of his right as a free-born Britisher to express his opinions in the Press on a topic of considerable interest to the British community. Thereupon "Committee-man" and "A Member," who apparently are also members of the British Recreation Club, rush into print and disown that gentleman, as though he had been advocating militant Anarchism or plotting with the enemies of his country. Such arrogance is inexplicable, and can only be accounted for by assuming that some of the members of the club are victims of

nerve troubles. I do not claim acquaintance with Mr. Knight Foley, nor, before his name figured so prominently in your columns the last few days, had I ever heard of that gentleman's name. But I consider that he has been subjected to very arbitrary treatment merely because he has the courage of his own opinions. Such an incident would be impossible among the British colony at Alexandria, and leads one to think that our fellow-countrymen at Cairo are addicted to a cast-iron regime, which makes them horribly afraid of giving utterance to their own opinions. Thus, when one of their number dares to express his thoughts in public they all hurry to disown him. The spectacle, suggested by this correspondence, must be very amusing to Alexandrians, but it reflects little credit on the "Committee-man" of the club or "A Member." Perhaps there is some, as yet unexplained, reason for this attack on Mr. Knight Foley. Such a supposition is more charitable than to believe that they are indignant because Mr. Knight Foley dares to entertain opinions from which they dissent. I write quite impartially, but I must say that the spectacle is unedifying, for who ever heard of the committee of a Recreation Club claiming the right to exercise control over the private judgment of its individual members? I cannot and will not believe that "Committee-man" and "A Member" voice the sentiments of the club. It would be an insult to think so, and my opinion is strengthened by Mr. Alderson's letter in to-day's *Gazette*. It is a manly, breezy letter, and thoroughly characteristic of the man. I venture to bet that neither "Committee-man" nor "A Member" has been more generous to the Recreation Club. Yet he comes forward to champion the cause of Mr. Knight Foley, and everybody, who is a lover of liberty and of freedom of speech and thought, will applaud Mr. Alderson for his straightforward letter. But will the committee of the club disown him? I am, etc.,

ALEXANDRIAN.
Alexandria, November 9.

THE CAIRO STREETS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

Dear Sir,—I was pleased to see the letter of "Vistor" in your issue of the 4th inst. regarding the Cairo streets. As to the Ataba el-Khadra, it is not finished yet, and we are promised in still another 8 days more than was wanted to do the whole lot when started on the 3rd ult. I particularly wish to draw attention to those interested to the way the work is being done in Clot Bey. As the majority of your readers know, this principal thoroughfare is practically level from one end to the other. The Tanzim have, with other improvements (I) laid a new kerbstone practically the whole length. To my surprise it was laid in many instances 14 centimetres below the present footpath (the houses are built over the footpath, which forms a collonade). This meant the Tanzim, or proprietors, or some one else, must relay the whole of the footpaths (to prevent accidents) to meet the new line thus formed. But strange to say they appeared to notice this, and began pulling up what at great expense had just been put down. Whether this was too costly, or whether the Tanzim wanted to make a better job, they stopped this and began cutting away the stone bases of the collonade. May they do this? What are the owners of the property doing? From some I hear of legal proceedings against the Government for damaging property. I notice that an asphalt company have been entrusted with some of the asphalt in the side streets. I hope with the whole, as we may be sure of a speedy relief from the dreadful state of this street.

Talking of asphalt, does it seem wise or humane to lay it where vehicular traffic is so heavy? I think not, as from what I saw only this afternoon at the distillery corner, at an interval of a few minutes only two horses came down: the street was damp and the poor over-worked beasts could not keep their footing. Although asphalt is good in some respects it is not fitted as a road material.

Yours truly,
Roads.

Cairo, November 7.

VISITORS' LIST.

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BONUS YEAR, 1905.

B. NATHAN & Co.,
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A. V. THOMSON,
Secretary for Egypt.

Calendar of Coming Events.

ALEXANDRIA.

November.
Thurs 10 Bas el Tin School. Football match. School v. Mousapha. 8.30 p.m.
Abbas Helmy Theatre. Gale performance of *Asda* in honour of Greek Fleet. 9 p.m.
Place des Consuls. Masserini's Menagerie. 9 p.m.
Alhambra Theatre. Variety Entertainment. 9.15 p.m.
Fri 11 Alderson's Garden. Variety Entertainment. 4 p.m.
Sat 12 A.S.C. grounds. Football match. Officers B. Berks v. A.S.C.F.C. 8.30 p.m.
CAIRO.

November.
Thurs 10 Khedivial Opera House Debut of Coquette Aïné.
Ezbekieh Theatre. Italian Opera Company in *Faust*. 9.15 p.m.
Theatre des Nouveautés. Variety Entertainment. 9.30 p.m.
Troisdero. Variety Entertainment. 9.30 p.m.
Sat 12 Meeting of "Unity" Chapter at Masonic Hall, Bonlieu Road. 9 p.m.
Fri 18 K. S. O. Skye Meeting.
Sat 19 Khedivial Opera House. Debut of M. Silvain.

December.
Fri 2 Mens House. Gymkhana.
Sat 10 Khedivial Horticultural Society's Show.

ALDERSON'S GARDEN, BULKELEY.

Friday, November 11, at 4 p.m.

GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT
By THE ROYAL TOOKEY FAMILY.
CHEVALIER J. ODRASS.
Magical.
Concluding with the Comic Sketch "LOVE IN A TUR."
8.00 DAYS THE KING.

British Garrison with their families and officers of mercantile marine in harbour and holders of permits are invited.
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The Menzaleh Canal and Navigation COMPANY.

Conformément à l'article 6 des Statuts, le Conseil d'Administration de la Compagnie a décidé de faire un deuxième appel de £1 par action. Ce versement devra être effectué au plus tard le 17 Novembre 1904 aux Censeurs de la Compagnie, Messrs Hoare & Russell, Sharia Kasr-el-Nil, Caïre. Les certificats des actions devront être déposés chez les Censeurs, pour y mentionner les paiements effectués. 24861-3a-2

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